

### Description

The ICE27LC010 is a low-power, high-performance 1M(1,048,576) bit one-time programmable read only memory (OTP EPROM) organized as 128K by 8 bits. It is single 3.3V power supply in normal read mode operation. Any byte can be accessed in less than 100 ns. The ICE27LC010 typically consumes 15mA , standby mode supply current typically 1 $\mu$ A. Two lines control (CE, OE) to give designers the flexibility to prevent bus contention. Programming time is typically only 100  $\mu$ s/byte. The Integrated Product Identification Code electronically identifies the device and manufacturer. This feature is used by industry standard programming equipment to select the proper programming algorithms and voltages.

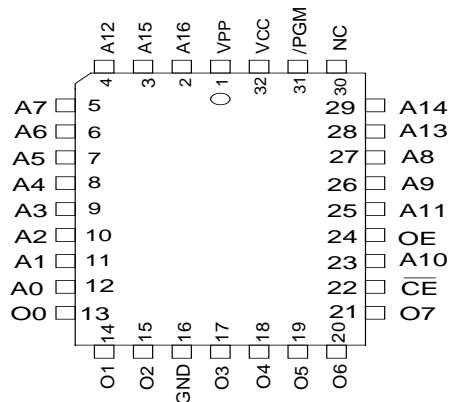
### Features

- Fast Read Access Time : – 90ns
- Low-Power consumption
  - 1  $\mu$  A Typ. Standby
  - 10 mA max. Active at 5MHz
- JEDEC Standard Packages
  - 32-Lead 600-mil PDIP
  - 32-Lead PLCC
  - 32-Lead TSOP
- Operating voltage : 3.3V  $\pm$ 10%
- High Reliability CMOS Technology
  - 2000V ESD Protection
  - 200 mA Latchup Immunity
- Programming time : 100 us/byte (typical)
- CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Integrated Product Identification Code

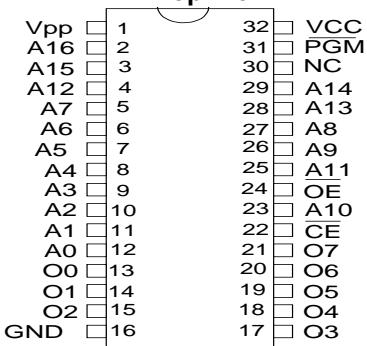
### Pin Configurations

Pin Name	Function
A0 – A16	Addresses
O0 – O7	Outputs
/CE	Chip Enable
/OE	Output Enable
/PGM	Program Strobe
NC	No Connect

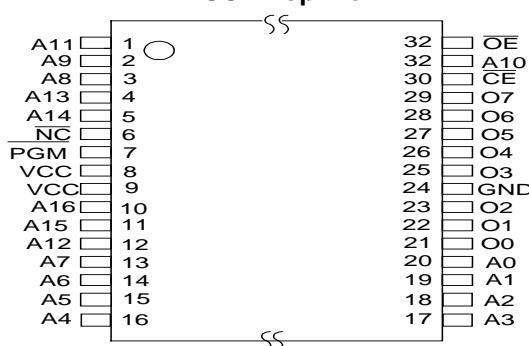
PLCC Top View



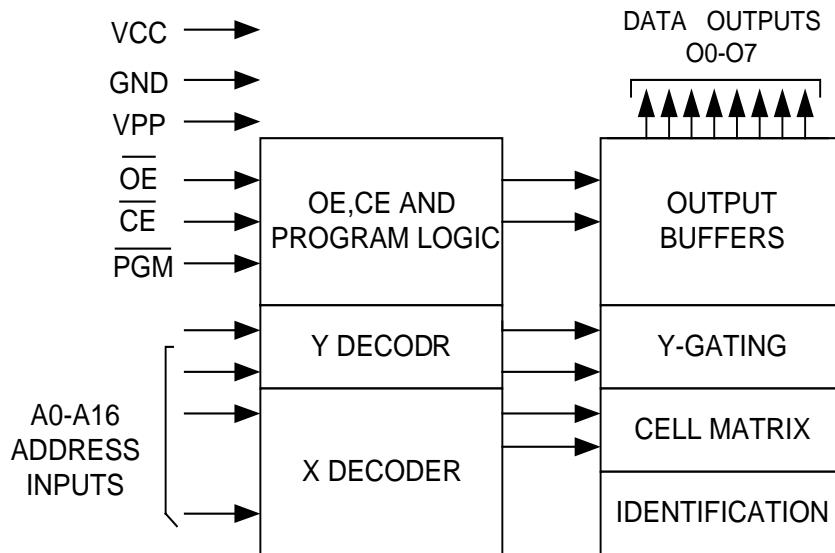
PDIP Top View



TSOP Top View



## Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Rating

Operation Temperature Commercial .....	.0 to +70
Storage Temperature .....	-65 to +125
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground .....	-0.6V to +7.0V <sup>(1)</sup>
Vpp Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground.....	-0.6V to +13.5V <sup>(1)</sup>

## Operating Modes

Mode\Pin	/CE	/OE	/PGM	Ai	VPP	Outputs
Read	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IL}$	$X^{(1)}$	$A_i$	X	$D_{OUT}$
Output Disable	X	$V_{IH}$	X	X	X	High Z
Standby	$V_{IH}$	X	X	X	X	High Z
Rapid Program <sup>(2)</sup>	$V_{IL}$	$V_{PP}$	$V_{IL}$	$A_i$	$V_{PP}$	$D_{IN}$
PGM Verify	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IH}$	$A_i$	$V_{PP}$	$D_{OUT}$
PGM Inhibit	$V_{IH}$	X	X	X	$V_{PP}$	High Z
Product Identification <sup>(4)</sup>	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IL}$	X	$A_9 = V_H^{(3)}$ $A_0, A_1 = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $A_2 - A_{16} = V_{IL}$	X	Identification Code

- Notes:
1. X can be  $V_{IL}$  or  $V_{IH}$ .
  2. Refer to Programming Characteristics.
  3.  $V_H = 12 \pm 0.5V$ .
  4. See Product Identification Code item.

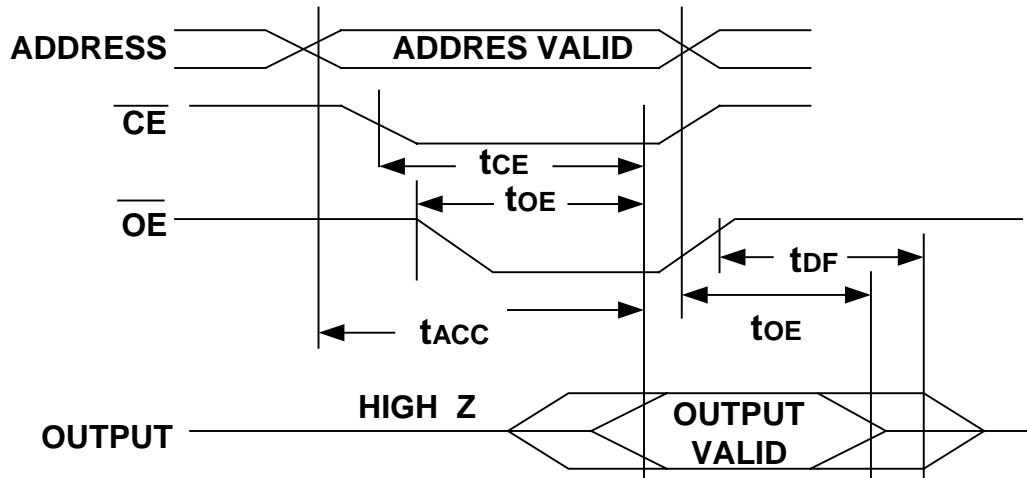
## DC and Operating Characteristics for Read Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Min	Max	Units
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Load Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub>	Com.		± 1	µA
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V to V <sub>CC</sub>	Com.		± 5	µA
I <sub>PP1</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>PP</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> Read/Standy Current	V <sub>PP</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>			10	uA
I <sub>SB</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> Standby Current	I <sub>SB1</sub> (CMOS), /CE = V <sub>CC</sub> ± 0.3V			10	µA
		I <sub>SB2</sub> (TTL), /CE = 2.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V			500	uA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Active Current	f = 5MHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA, /CE = V <sub>IL</sub>			10	mA
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage			-0.6	0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage			2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA			0.4	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 µA		2.4		V

Notes: 1. V<sub>CC</sub> must be applied simultaneously or before V<sub>PP</sub> and removed simultaneously or after V<sub>PP</sub>.

2. V<sub>PP</sub> may be connected directly to V<sub>CC</sub> except during programming. The supply current would then be the sum of I<sub>CC</sub> and I<sub>PP</sub>.

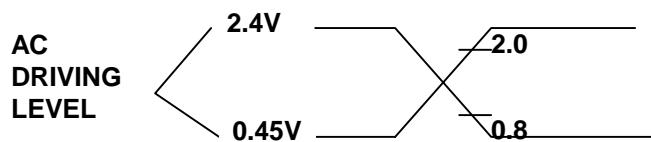
## AC Waveforms for Read Operation<sup>(1)</sup>



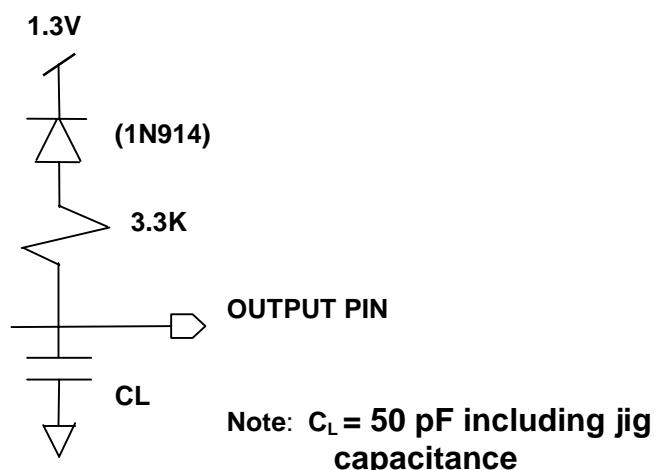
Notes:

- /OE may be delayed up to t<sub>CE</sub> - t<sub>OE</sub> after the falling edge of /CE without impact on t<sub>CE</sub>.
- /OE may be delayed up to t<sub>ACC</sub> - t<sub>OE</sub> after the address is valid without impact on t<sub>ACC</sub>.
- This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.
- Output float is defined as the point when data is no longer driven.

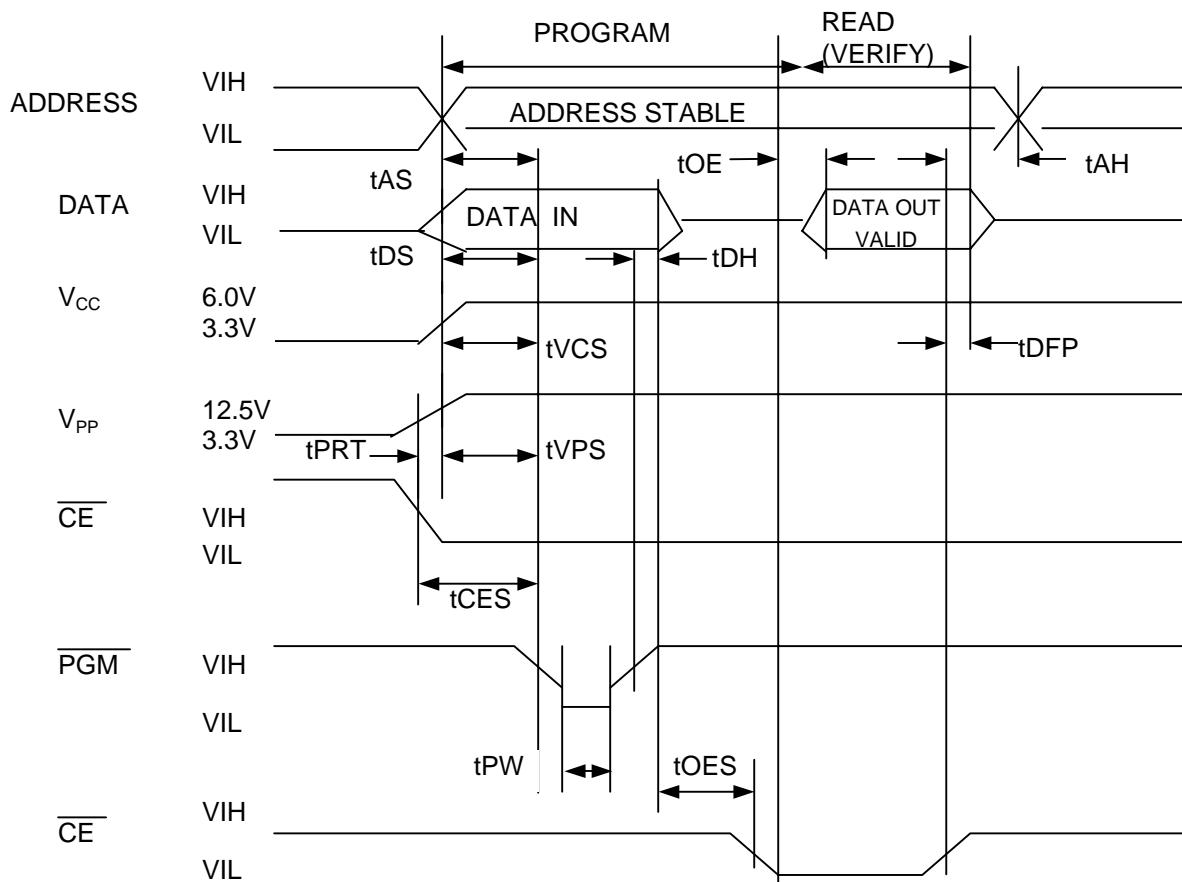
## Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels



## Output Test Load



## Programming Waveforms<sup>(1)</sup>



Notes:

1. The Input Timing Reference is 0.8V for  $V_{IL}$  and 2.0V for  $V_{IH}$ .
2.  $t_{OE}$  and  $t_{DFP}$  are characteristics of the device but must be accommodated by the programmer.
3. When programming the ICE27LC010 at 0.1uF capacitor is required across  $V_{pp}$  and ground to suppress spurious voltage transients.

## DC Programming Characteristics

$T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ C$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.5 \pm 0.5V$ ,  $V_{PP} = 12 \pm 0.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Limits		Units
			Min	Max	
$I_{LI}$	Input Load Current	$I_{IN} = V_{IL}, V_{IH}$		$\pm 10$	$\mu A$
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Level		-0.6	0.8	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Level		2.0	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V
$V_{OH}$	Output High Voltage	$I_{OH} = -400 \mu A$	2.4		V
$I_{CC2}$	$V_{CC}$ Supply Current (Program and Verify)			10	$mA$
$I_{PP2}$	/OE Supply Current	$/CE = /PGM = V_{IL}$		10	$mA$
$V_{ID}$	A9 Product Identification Voltage		10	12.5	V

**AC Programming Characteristics** $T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ C$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.5 \pm 0.5V$ ,  $V_{PP} = 12.0 \pm 0.5V$ 

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test Conditions</b>	<b>Limits</b>		<b>Units</b>
			<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	Input Rise and Fall Times (10% to 90%) 20ns	2		$\mu s$
$t_{CES}$	/CE Setup Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{OES}$	/OE Setup Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{DS}$	Data Setup Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time		0		$\mu s$
$t_{DH}$	Data Hold Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{DFP}$	/OE High to Output Float Delay <sup>(2)</sup>		0	130	ns
$t_{VPS}$	Vpp Setup Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{VCS}$	Vcc Setup Time		2		$\mu s$
$t_{PW}$	/PGM Program Pulse Width <sup>(3)</sup>		95	105	$\mu s$
$t_{OE}$	Data Valid from /OE	Output Timing Reference Level 0.8V to 2.0V		90	ns
$t_{PRT}$	Vpp Pulse Rise Time During Programming		50		ns

- Notes:
1. Vcc must be applied simultaneously or before Vpp and removed simultaneously or after Vpp.
  2. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested. Output Float is defined as the point where data is no longer driven – see timing diagram.
  3. Program Pulse width tolerance is 100  $\mu$ sec  $\pm$  5%.

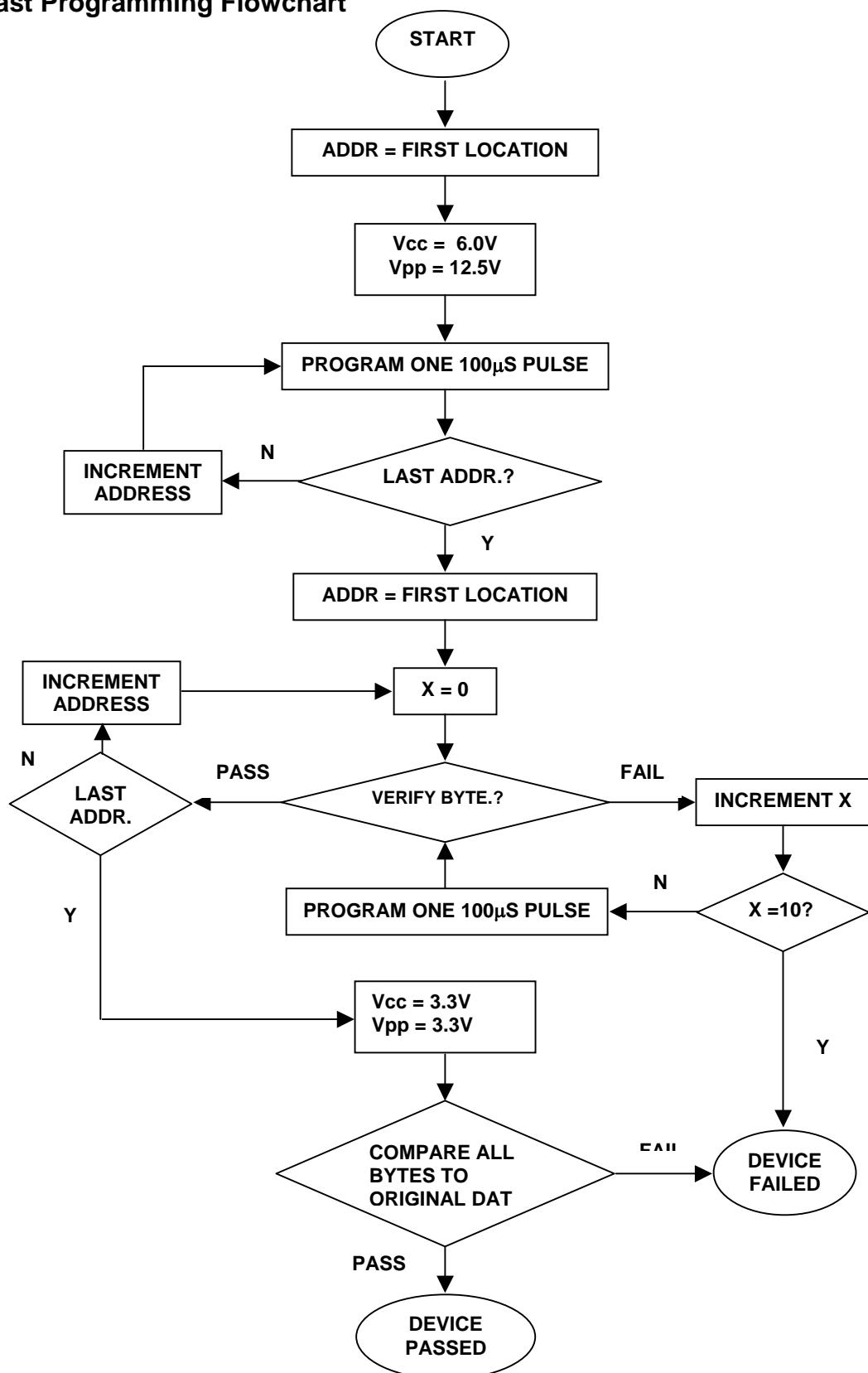
**Product Identification Code**

<b>Codes</b>	<b>Pins</b>										<b>Hex Data</b>
	<b>A1</b>	<b>A0</b>	<b>O7</b>	<b>O6</b>	<b>O5</b>	<b>O4</b>	<b>O3</b>	<b>O2</b>	<b>O1</b>	<b>O0</b>	
Continue Code 1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7F
Continue Code 2	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7F
Manufacturer	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	5E
Device Type	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	C1

**Rapid Programming Algorithm**

A 100  $\mu$ s /PGM pulse width is used to program. The address is set to the first location. Vcc is raised to 6.0V and Vpp is raised to 12.5V. Each address is first programmed with one 100  $\mu$ s /PGM pulse without verification. Then a verification/ reprogramming loop is executed for each address. In the event a byte fails to pass verification, up to 10 successive 100  $\mu$ s pulses are applied with a verification after each pulse. If the byte fails to verify after 10 pulses have been applied, the part is considered failed. After the byte verifies properly, the next address is selected until all have been checked. Vpp is then lowered to 3.3V and Vcc to 3.3V. All bytes are read again and compared with the original data to determine if the device passes or fails.

## Fast Programming Flowchart

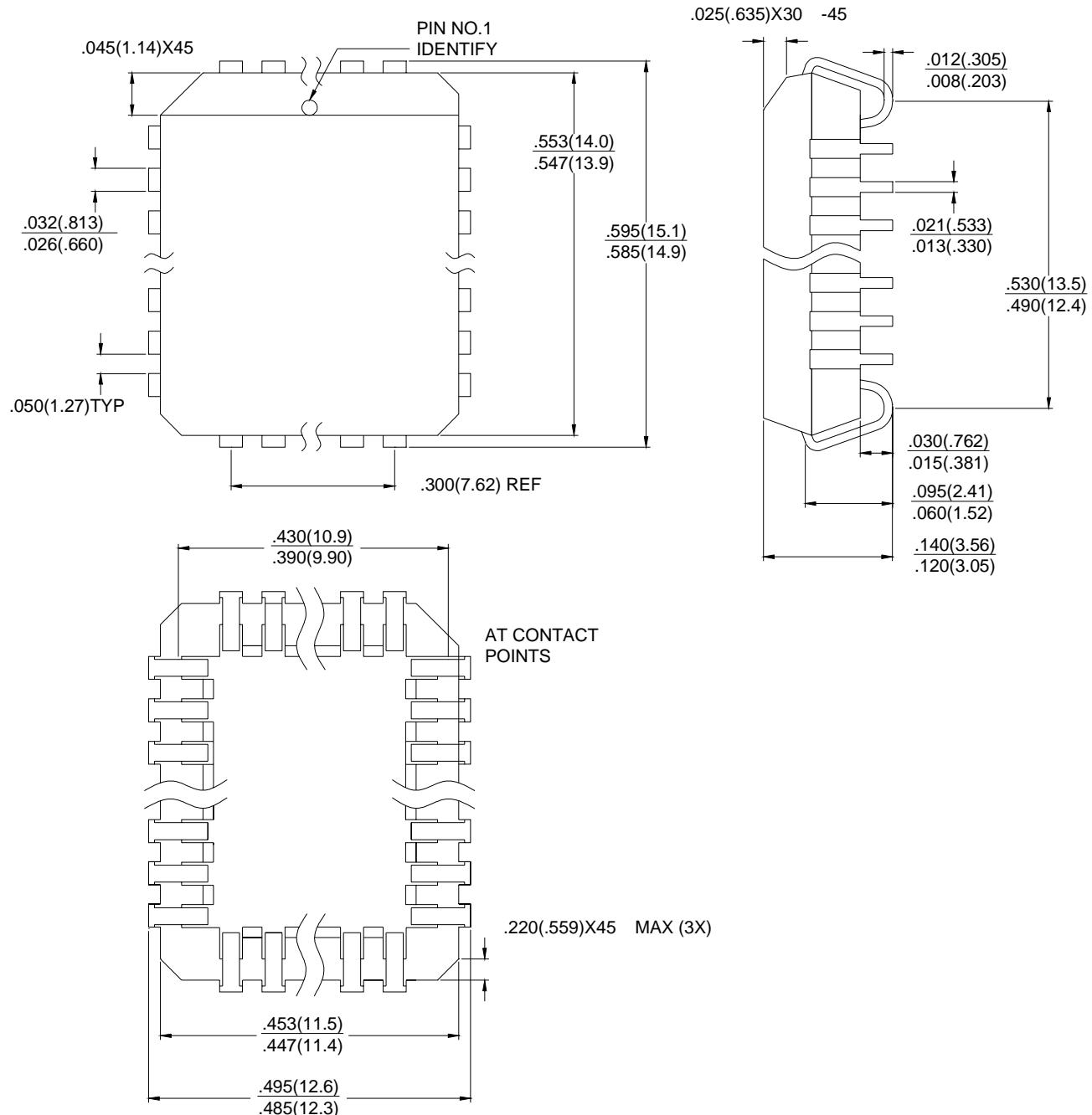


## Packaging Information

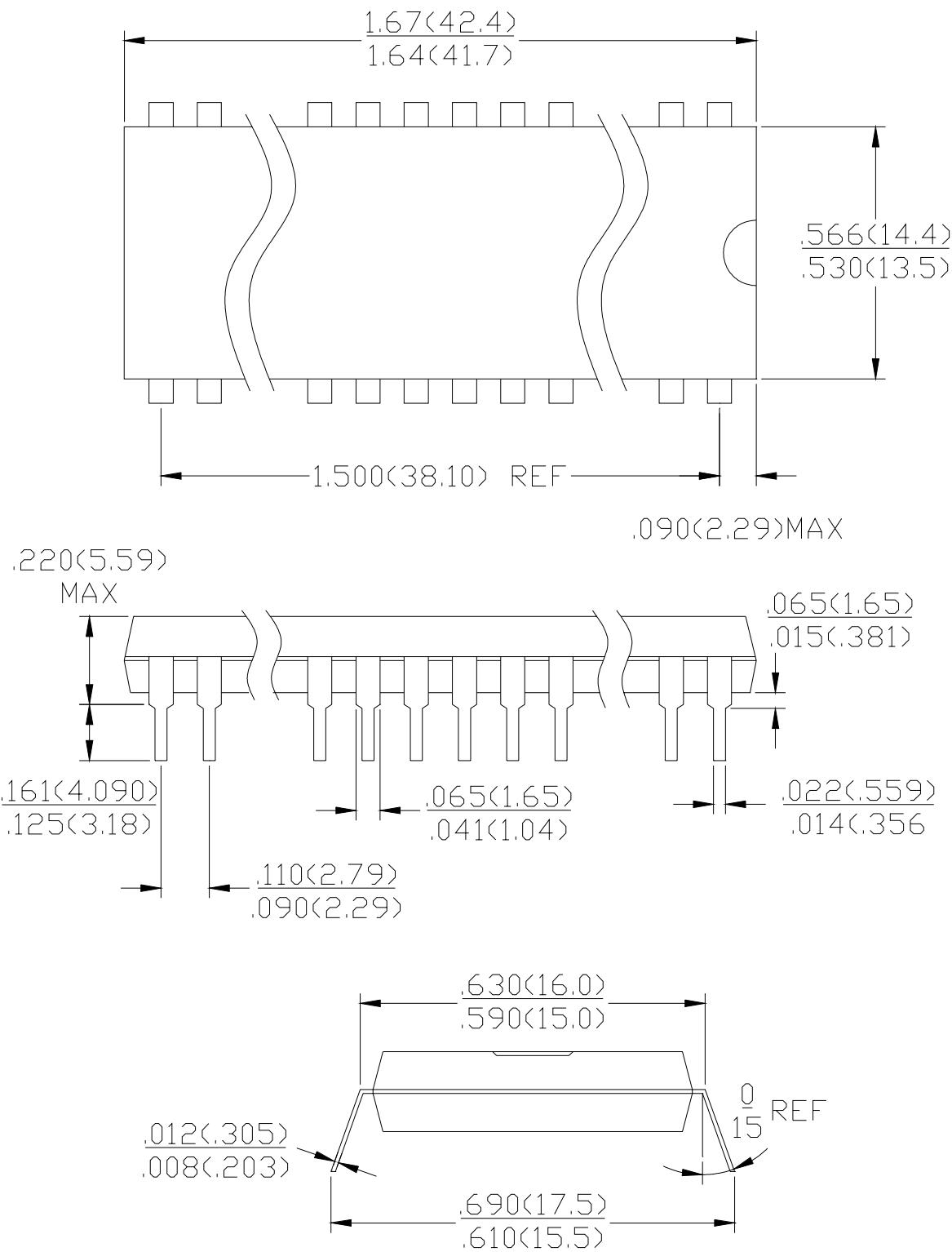
**32P, 32-Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)**

Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)

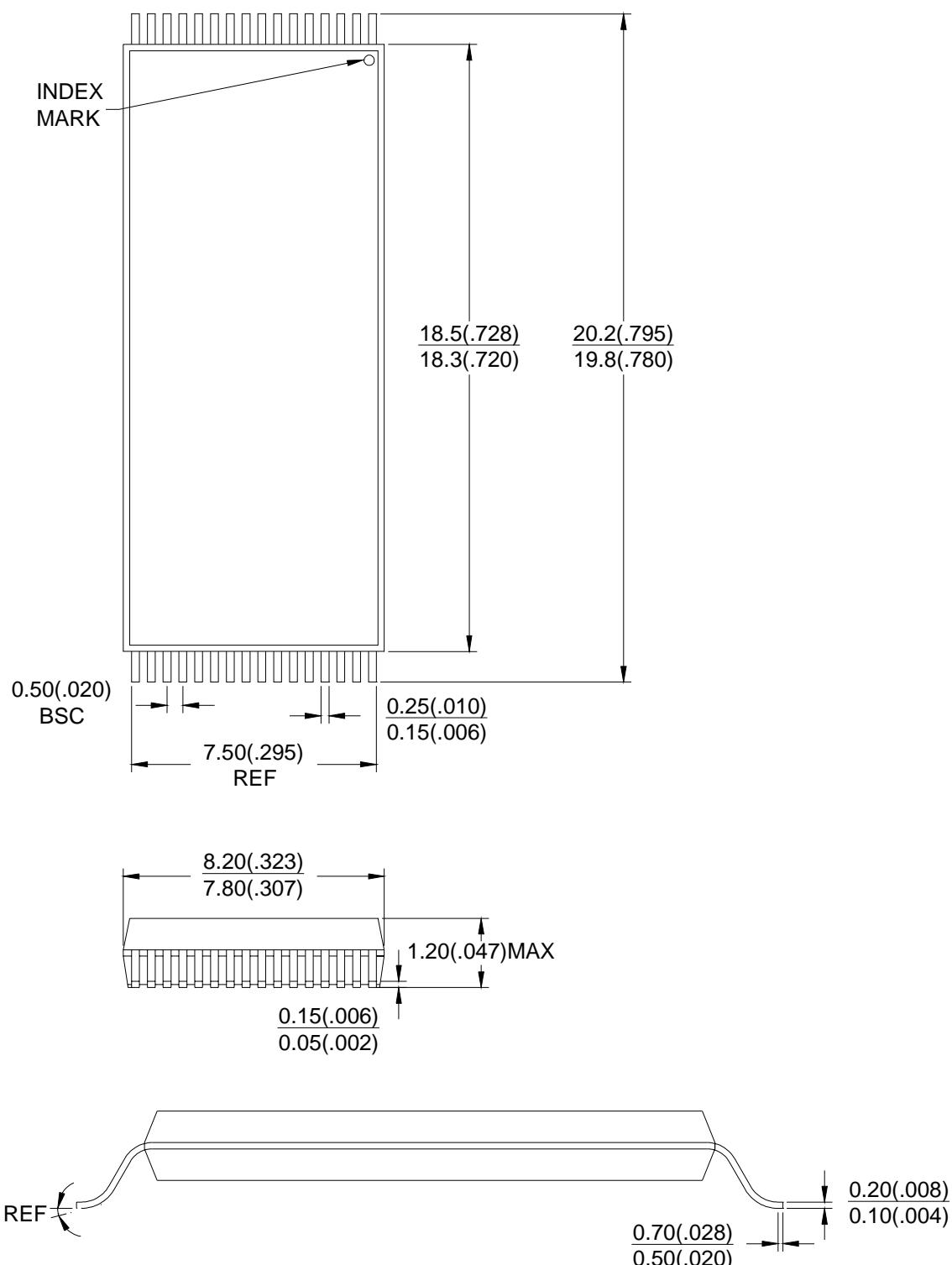
JEDEC STANDARD MS-016 AE



**32D, 32-Lead, 0.600" wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)**  
 Dimensions in Inches and (Millimeters)



**32T, 32-Lead, Plastic Thin Small Outline Package (TSOP)**  
 Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)\*  
 JEDEC OUTLINE MO- 141 BD



\*Controlling dimension: millimeters