32768-word × 8-bit UV Erasable and Programmable ROM

# HITACHI

Maintenance only

#### **Description**

This Hitachi HN27C256AG is a 256-kbit ultraviolet erasable and electrically programmable ROM, featuring high speed and low power dissipation. Fabricated on advanced fine process and high speed circuitry technique, the HN27C256AG makes high speed access time possible for 16 bit microprocessors such as the 8086 and 68000. And low power dissipation in active and standby modes matches our CMOS 256-kbit EPROM. In programming operation, the HN27C256AG realizes faster programming times than our conventional 256-kbit EPROM by Hitachi's Fast High-Reliability Programming Algorithm. Pin arrangement, pin configuration and programming voltage are compatible with our 256-kbit EPROM series, therefore existing programmers can be used with the HN27C256AG.

#### **Features**

High speed

Access time: 100/120/150 ns (max)

Low power dissipation

Active mode: 25 mW (typ) (f = 1 MHz)

Standby mode: 5 µW (typ)

High reliability and fast programming

Programming voltage: +12.5 V DC

Fast High-Reliability Programming Algorithm available

• Device identifier mode

Manufacturer code and device code

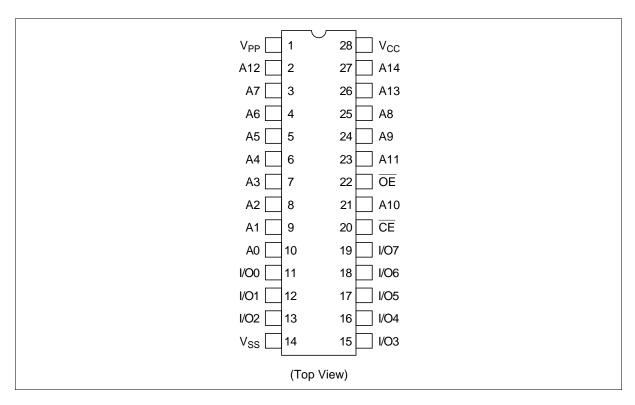
### **Ordering Information**

Type No.	Access Time	Package	
HN27C256AG-10	100 ns	600-mil 28-pin cerdip (DG-28)	
HN27C256AG-12	120 ns		
HN27C256AG-15	150 ns		



Note: This device is not available for new application.

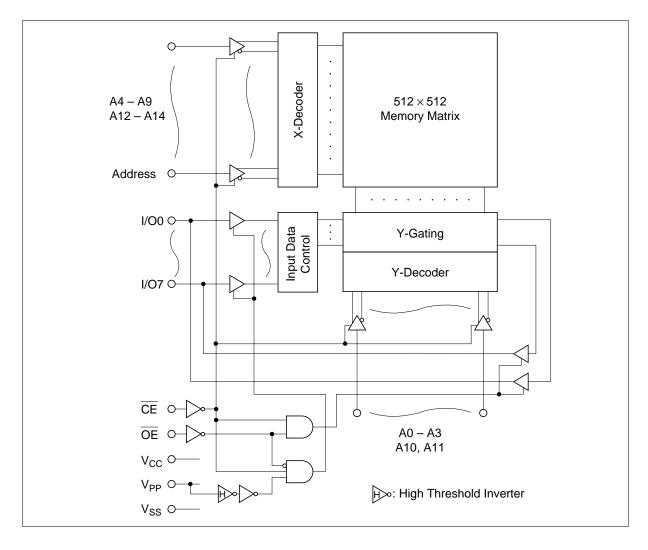
# **Pin Arrangement**



# **Pin Description**

Pin Name	Function
A0 – A14	Address
I/O0 – I/O7	Input/output
CE	Chip enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
$V_{PP}$	Programming power supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

# **Block Diagram**



#### **Mode Selection**

Mode	CE (20)	OE (22)	A9 (24)	V <sub>PP</sub> (1)	V <sub>cc</sub> (28)	I/O (11 – 13, 15 – 19)
Read	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IL}$	Χ	$V_{cc}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	Dout
Output disable	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IH}$	Χ	$V_{cc}$	$V_{cc}$	High-Z
Standby	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	Х	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	High-Z
Program	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	$V_{PP}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	Din
Program verify	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	V <sub>PP</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	Dout
Optional verify	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	$V_{PP}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	Dout
Program inhibit	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	$V_{PP}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	High-Z
Identifier	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>H</sub> *2	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub>	Code

Notes: 1. ×: Don't care.

2.  $V_H$ : 12.0 V  $\pm$  0.5 V.

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
All input and output voltage ⁴1	Vin, Vout	-0.6*2 to +7.0	V
A9 input voltage <sup>*1</sup>	V <sub>ID</sub>	-0.6 <sup>*2</sup> to +13.5	V
V <sub>PP</sub> voltage*1	V <sub>PP</sub>	-0.6 to +13.5	V
V <sub>cc</sub> voltage <sup>⁴1</sup>	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.6 to +7.0	V
Operating temperature range	Topr	0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-65 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-10 to +80	°C

Notes: 1. Relative to V<sub>ss</sub>.

2. Vin, Vout,  $V_{ID}$  min = -1.0 V for pulse width  $\leq$  50 ns.

# **Capacitance** (Ta = 25°C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input capacitance	Cin	_	4	8	pF	Vin = 0 V
Output capacitance	Cout	_	8	12	pF	Vout = 0 V

### **Read Operation**

DC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V  $\pm$  10%,  $V_{PP}$  =  $V_{CC}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	2	μΑ	Vin = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Output leakage current	I <sub>LO</sub>	_	_	2	μΑ	Vout = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>PP</sub> current	I <sub>PP1</sub>	_	1	20	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> = 5.5 V
Standby V <sub>cc</sub> current	I <sub>SB1</sub>	_	_	1	mA	CE = V <sub>IH</sub>
	I <sub>SB2</sub>	_	1	20	μΑ	$\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{CC}} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$
Operating V <sub>cc</sub> current	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	_	30	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ , lout = 0 mA
	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	_	30	mA	f = 10  MHz,  lout = 0  mA
	I <sub>CC3</sub>	_	5	15	mA	f = 1 MHz, lout = 0 mA
Input low voltage*3	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3 <sup>*1</sup>	_	0.8	V	
Input high voltage*3	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> + 1.0*2	<sup>2</sup> V	
Output low voltage	$V_{OL}$	_	_	0.45	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH1</sub>	2.4			V	$I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$
	$V_{OH2}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.7	_	_	V	$I_{OH} = -100  \mu A$

Notes: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min = -1.0 V for pulse width  $\leq$  50 ns.

3. Only defined for DC function test.  $V_{IL}$  max = 0.45 V,  $V_{IH}$  min = 2.4 V for AC function test.

<sup>2.</sup>  $V_{IH}$  max =  $V_{CC}$  + 1.5 V for pulse width  $\leq$  20 ns. If  $V_{IH}$  is over the specified maximum value, read operation cannot be guaranteed.

AC Characteristics (Ta = 0 to +70°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V  $\pm$  10%,  $V_{PP}$  =  $V_{CC}$ )

#### **Test Conditions**

Input pulse levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V
 Input rise and fall time: ≤ 10 ns
 Output load: 1TTL gate + 100 pF

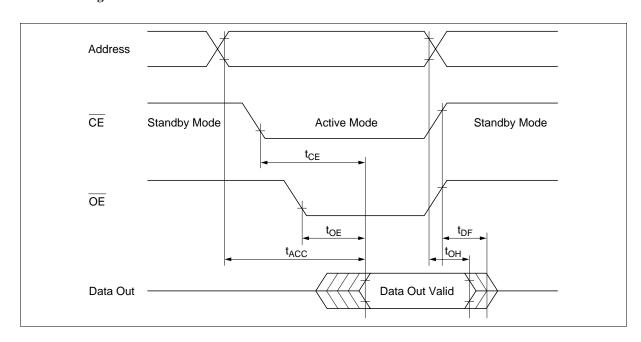
Reference levels for measuring timing: Inputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V
 Outputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V

#### **HN27C256AG**

		-10		-12		-15		_	
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	<b>Test Conditions</b>
Address to output delay	t <sub>ACC</sub>	_	100	_	120	_	150	ns	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$
CE to output delay	t <sub>CE</sub>	_	100	_	120	_	150	ns	OE = V <sub>IL</sub>
OE to output delay	t <sub>oe</sub>	_	60	_	60	_	70	ns	Œ = V <sub>IL</sub>
OE high to output float	t <sub>DF</sub>	0	35	0	40	0	50	ns	CE = V <sub>IL</sub>
Address to output hold	t <sub>oH</sub>	5	_	5	_	5	_	ns	$\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$

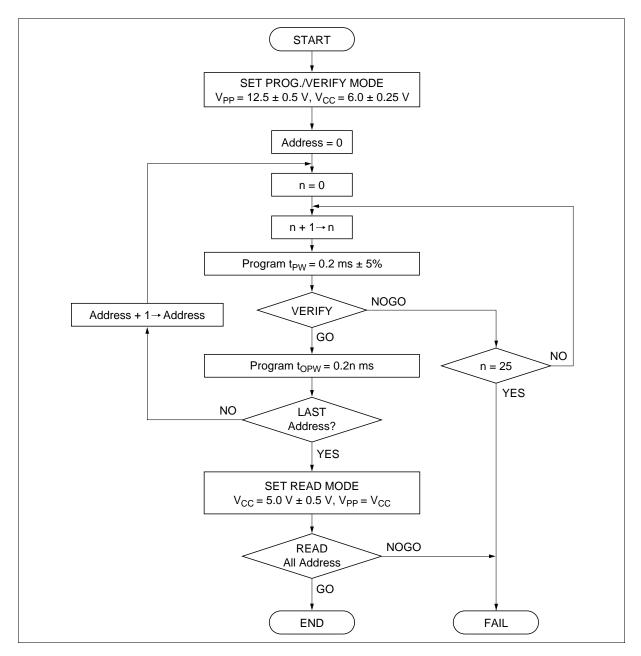
Note: t<sub>DF</sub> is defined as the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and data is no longer driven.

#### **Read Timing Waveform**



### **Fast High-Reliability Programming**

This device can be applied the Fast High-Reliability Programming Algorithm shown in following flowchart. This algorithm offers both faster programming time and high reliability data retension. A theoretical programming time (except brank checking and verifying time) is one-tenth of conventional high performance programming algorithm's. Regarding the model and software version of the programmers available this algorithm, please contact programmer maker.



DC Characteristics (Ta = 25°C 
$$\pm$$
 5°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V  $\pm$  0.25 V,  $V_{PP}$  = 12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	2	μΑ	Vin = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>PP</sub> supply current	I <sub>PP</sub>	_	_	30	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$
Operating V <sub>cc</sub> current	I <sub>CC</sub>	_	_	30	mA	
Input low level	$V_{\text{IL}}$	-0.1 <sup>*5</sup>	_	8.0	V	
Input high level	$V_{\text{IH}}$	2.2	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.	5*6 V	
Output low voltage during verify	$V_{OL}$	_	_	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$
Output high voltage during verify	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA

Notes: 1.  $V_{CC}$  must be applied simultaneously or before  $V_{PP}$  and removed simultaneously or after  $V_{PP}$ .

- 2.  $V_{PP}$  must not exceed 13.5 V including overshoot.
- 3. An influence may be had upon device reliability if the device is installed or removed while  $V_{pp} = 12$ . 5V.
- 4. Do not alter  $V_{PP}$  either  $V_{IL}$  to 12.5 V or 12.5 V or 12.5 V to  $V_{IL}$  when  $\overline{CE}$  = Low.
- 5.  $V_{IL} \min = -0.6 \text{ V for pulse width} \le 20 \text{ ns.}$
- 6. If  $V_{\mbox{\tiny IH}}$  is over the specified maximum value, programming operation cannot be guaranteed.

AC Characteristics (Ta = 25°C  $\pm$  5°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V  $\pm$  0.25 V,  $V_{PP}$  = 12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V)

#### **Test Conditions**

Input pulse levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V
Input rise and fall time: ≤ 20 ns

• Reference levels for measuring timing: Inputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V

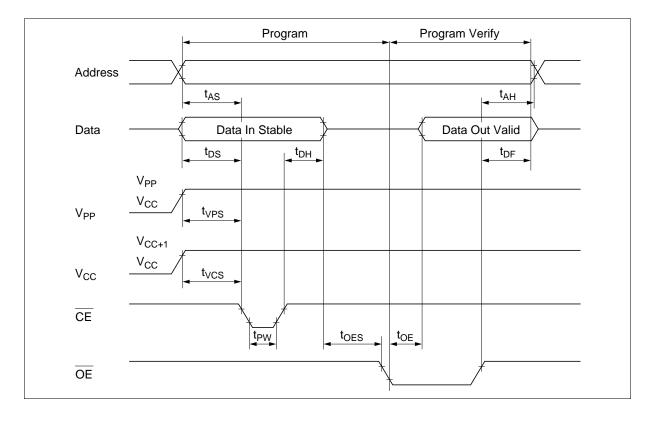
Outputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	<b>Test Conditions</b>
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	2	_	_	μs	_
OE setup time	t <sub>oes</sub>	2	_	_	μs	
Data setup time	t <sub>DS</sub>	2	_	_	μs	
Address hold time	$\mathbf{t}_{AH}$	0	_	_	μs	
Data hold time	$t_{\scriptscriptstyle DH}$	2	_	_	μs	
V <sub>PP</sub> setup time	$t_{\text{VPS}}$	2	_	_	μs	
V <sub>cc</sub> setup time	t <sub>vcs</sub>	2	_	_	μs	
CE initial programming pulse width	t <sub>PW</sub>	0.19	0.20	0.21	ms	
CE over programming pulse width	t <sub>OPW</sub> *1	0.19	_	5.25	ms	
Data valid from OE	t <sub>oe</sub>	0	_	150	ns	
OE to output float delay	t <sub>DF</sub> *2	_	_	130	ns	

Notes: 1. Refer to the Fast High-Reliability Programming Flowchart for topus

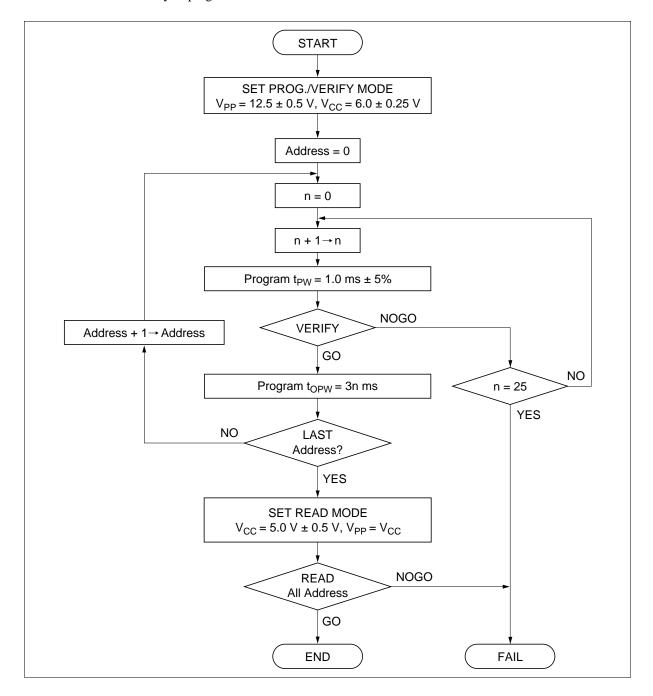
2.  $t_{DF}$  is defined as the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and data is no longer driven.

### Fast High-Reliability Programming Timing Waveform



#### **High Performance Programming**

This device can be applied the high performance programming algorithm shown in following flowchart. This algorithm is as same as our 256-kbit EPROM series so existing programmers can be used with this device. This algorithm allows to obtain faster programming time without any voltage stress to the device nor deterioration in reliability of programmed data.



DC Characteristics (Ta = 25°C 
$$\pm$$
 5°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V  $\pm$  0.25 V,  $V_{PP}$  = 12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	_	_	2	μΑ	Vin = 0 V to V <sub>CC</sub>
V <sub>PP</sub> supply current	I <sub>PP</sub>	_	_	30	mA	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$
Operating V <sub>cc</sub> current	I <sub>CC</sub>	_	_	30	mA	
Input low level	$V_{\text{IL}}$	-0.1 <sup>*5</sup>	_	8.0	V	
Input high level	$V_{\text{IH}}$	2.2	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.	5*6 V	
Output low voltage during verify	$V_{OL}$	_	_	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$
Output high voltage during verify	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	_	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA

Notes: 1.  $V_{CC}$  must be applied simultaneously or before  $V_{PP}$  and removed simultaneously or after  $V_{PP}$ .

- 2.  $V_{PP}$  must not exceed 13.5 V including overshoot.
- 3. An influence may be had upon device reliability if the device is installed or removed while  $V_{pp} = 12$ . 5V.
- 4. Do not alter  $V_{PP}$  either  $V_{IL}$  to 12.5 V or 12.5 V or 12.5 V to  $V_{IL}$  when  $\overline{CE}$  = Low.
- 5.  $V_{IL} \min = -0.6 \text{ V for pulse width} \le 20 \text{ ns.}$
- 6. If  $V_{\mbox{\tiny IH}}$  is over the specified maximum value, programming operation cannot be guaranteed.

AC Characteristics (Ta = 25°C  $\pm$  5°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 6 V  $\pm$  0.25 V,  $V_{PP}$  = 12.5 V  $\pm$  0.5 V)

#### **Test Conditions**

Input pulse levels: 0.45 V to 2.4 V
 Input rise and fall time: ≤ 20 ns

• Reference levels for measuring timing: Inputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V

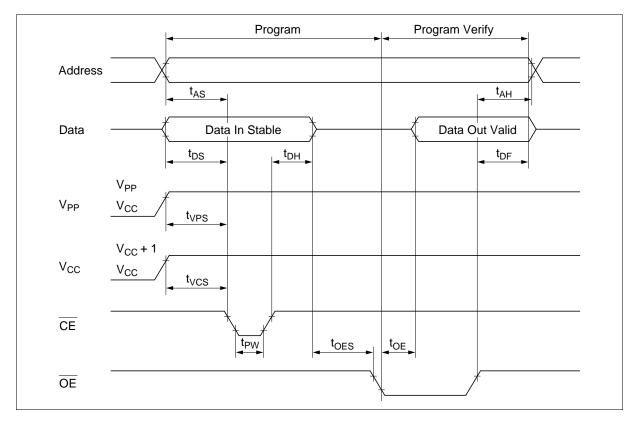
Outputs; 0.8 V and 2.0 V

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	<b>Test Conditions</b>
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	2	_	_	μs	
OE setup time	$t_{\text{OES}}$	2	_	_	μs	
Data setup time	t <sub>DS</sub>	2	_	_	μs	
Address hold time	t <sub>AH</sub>	0	_	_	μs	
Data hold time	$t_{DH}$	2	_	_	μs	
V <sub>PP</sub> setup time	$t_{\text{VPS}}$	2	_	_	μs	
V <sub>cc</sub> setup time	$t_{vcs}$	2	_	_	μs	
CE initial programming pulse width	$t_{\scriptscriptstyle PW}$	0.95	1.0	1.05	ms	
CE over programming pulse width	t <sub>OPW</sub> *1	2.85	_	78.75	ms	
Data valid from OE	t <sub>OE</sub>	0	_	150	ns	
OE to output float delay	t <sub>DF</sub> *2	_	_	130	ns	

Notes: 1. Refer to the high performance programming flowchart for t<sub>OPW</sub>.

<sup>2.</sup>  $t_{DF}$  is defined as the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition and data is no longer driven.

**High Performance Programming Timing Waveform** 



#### **Erase**

Erasure of HN27C256AG is performed by exposure to ultraviolet light of 2537 Å and all the output data are changed to "1" after this erasure procedure. The minimum integrated dose (i.e. UV intensity  $\times$  exposure time) for erasure is 15 W  $\cdot$  sec/cm<sup>2</sup>.

#### **Mode Description**

#### **Device Identifier Mode**

Programming condition of EPROM is various according to EPROM manufacturers and device types. It may cause miss operation. To countermeasure it, some EPROMs provide maker identifier code. Users can write EPROM by reading out write condition coded before shipped. Some commercial programmers can set write condition by recognizing this code. This function enables effective program. Regarding commercial programmers that can recognize this device's identifier code, please contact programmer maker.

#### **HN27C256AG Series Identifier Code**

Identifier	A0 (10)	I/O7 (19)	I/O6 (18)	I/O5 (17)	I/O4 (16)	I/O3 (15)	I/O2 (13)	I/O1 (12)	I/O0 (11)	Hex Data
Manufacturer code	$V_{IL}$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	07
Device code	$V_{IH}$	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	31

Notes: 1. A9 = 12.0 V  $\pm$  0.5 V.

<sup>2.</sup> A1 – A8, A10 – A14,  $\overline{CE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$  =  $V_{IL}$ .

# **Package Dimensions**

HN27C256AG Series (DG-28)

Unit: mm

